

DP03

## SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS 2010 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, for 2010, the 2010 Census provides the official counts of the population and housing units for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

	Alaska			
Subject EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin o Error
In labor force	391,864	+/-5,049	71.6%	+/-
Civilian labor force	373,703	+/-5,049	68.3%	+/-
Employed	337,683	+/-5,648	61.7%	+/-
Unemployed	36,020	+/-2,726	6.6%	+/-
Armed Forces	18,161	+/-1,899	3.3%	+/-
Not in labor force	155,117	+/-4,970	28.4%	+/-
140t III labor force	133,117	+7-4,370	20.470	17-
Civilian labor force	373,703	+/-5,089	373,703	
Percent Unemployed	(X)	(X)	9.6%	+/-
Females 16 years and over	262,474	+/-1,206	262,474	
In labor force	172,202	+/-3,799	65.6%	+/-
Civilian labor force	170,655	+/-3,774	65.0%	+/-
Employed	156,353	+/-4,071	59.6%	+/-
Own children under 6 vegre	62,130	+/-1,928	62,130	
Own children under 6 years  All parents in family in labor force	36,413	+/-1,928	58.6%	+/-
All parents in family in labor force	30,413	+/-2,011	58.6%	+/-
Own children 6 to 17 years	117,222	+/-2,227	117,222	
All parents in family in labor force	84,134	+/-4,328	71.8%	+/-
COMMUTING TO WORK				
	343,424	+/-5,810	343,424	
Workers 16 years and over  Car, truck, or van drove alone	230,116	+/-5,965	67.0%	+/-
Car, truck, or van carpooled	45,376	+/-5,965	13.2%	+/-
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	45,376	+/-4,436	1.2%	+/-
Walked	,	+/-2,322	7.9%	+/-
Other means	27,069		5.2%	+/
Worked at home	18,024	+/-1,897		
Worked at nome	18,805	+/-3,141	5.5%	+/
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.8	+/-0.6	(X)	
OCCUPATION				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	337,683	+/-5,648	337,683	
Management, business, science, and arts occupations	118,437	+/-4,662	35.1%	+/-
Service occupations	60,506	+/-4,081	17.9%	+/-
Sales and office occupations	78,109	+/-4,306	23.1%	+/
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	39,854	+/-3,356	11.8%	+/-
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	40,777	+/-2,702	12.1%	+/
INDUSTRY				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	337,683	+/-5,648	337,683	
	17,519	+/-2,359	5.2%	+/-
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining  Construction	24,162	+/-2,359	7.2%	+/-
Manufacturing		+/-3,019	4.5%	+/-
<u> </u>	15,169	+/-2,338		+/-
Wholesale trade	7,105		2.1%	+/-
Retail trade	36,856	+/-3,141	10.9%	
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities  Information	25,614 6,404	+/-2,843 +/-1,393	7.6% 1.9%	+/
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Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	12,977 24,732	+/-2,220 +/-2,439	3.8% 7.3%	+/-
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services				

		Ala: Estimate Margin of	ska	Percent Margin of
Subject				
	Estimate	Error	Percent	Error
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	30,483	+/-2,905	9.0%	+/-0.8
Other services, except public administration	13,104	+/-2,107	3.9%	+/-0.6
Public administration	44,940	+/-3,588	13.3%	+/-1.1
CLASS OF WORKER				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	337,683	+/-5,648	337,683	(X)
Private wage and salary workers	224,286	+/-6,272	66.4%	+/-1.3
Government workers	92,059	+/-4,521	27.3%	+/-1.3
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	20,227	+/-2,050	6.0%	+/-0.6
Unpaid family workers	1,111	+/-699	0.3%	+/-0.2
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2010 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)				
Total households	254,610	+/-2,804	254,610	(X)
Less than \$10,000	10,654	+/-1,598	4.2%	+/-0.6
\$10,000 to \$14,999	11,818	+/-1,646	4.6%	+/-0.6
\$15,000 to \$24,999	20,729	+/-2,215	8.1%	+/-0.9
\$25,000 to \$34,999	22,768	+/-1,903	8.9%	+/-0.7
\$35,000 to \$49,999	31,180	+/-2,428	12.2%	+/-0.9
\$50,000 to \$74,999	48,616	+/-3,122	19.1%	+/-1.2
		+/-3,048	13.3%	+/-1.2
\$75,000 to \$99,999	33,925		13.3%	+/-1.2
\$100,000 to \$149,999	45,846	+/-3,029		
\$150,000 to \$199,999	16,204	+/-2,316	6.4%	+/-0.9
\$200,000 or more	12,870	+/-1,536	5.1%	+/-0.6
Median household income (dollars)	64,576	+/-2,085	(X)	(X)
Mean household income (dollars)	81,290	+/-2,177	(X)	(X)
With earnings	221,611	+/-3,233	87.0%	+/-0.9
Mean earnings (dollars)	77,072	+/-2,017	(X)	(X)
With Social Security	46,274	+/-2.200	18.2%	+/-0.8
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	14,252	+/-547	(X)	(X)
With retirement income	44,302	+/-2,860	17.4%	+/-1.1
Mean retirement income (dollars)	30,784	+/-3,831	(X)	(X)
With Supplemental Security Income	10,780	+/-1,559	4.2%	+/-0.6
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	8,631	+/-769	(X)	(X)
With cash public assistance income	16,963	+/-1,764	6.7%	+/-0.7
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	3,858	+/-419	(X)	(X)
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	26,973	+/-2,080	10.6%	+/-0.8
Families	170,859	+/-4,484	170,859	(X)
Less than \$10,000	5,110	+/-1,233	3.0%	+/-0.7
\$10,000 to \$14,999	4,157	+/-808	2.4%	+/-0.5
\$15,000 to \$24,999	10,763	+/-1,539	6.3%	+/-0.9
\$25,000 to \$34,999	12,602	+/-1,681	7.4%	+/-1.0
\$35,000 to \$49,999	18,190	+/-1,826	10.6%	+/-1.0
\$50,000 to \$74,999	32,339	+/-2,718	18.9%	+/-1.5
\$75,000 to \$99,999	25,707	+/-2,710	15.0%	+/-1.5
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\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999	36,500	+/-2,804	21.4% 8.2%	+/-1.5 +/-1.2
	13,990	+/-2,118		
\$200,000 or more	11,501	+/-1,471	6.7%	+/-0.8
Median family income (dollars)  Mean family income (dollars)	76,962 93,329	+/-2,545 +/-2,957	(X)	(X)
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Per capita income (dollars)	30,598	+/-770	(X)	(X)
Nonfamily households	83,751	+/-4,087	83,751	(X)
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	40,843	+/-1,825	(X)	(X)
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	52,590	+/-2,546	(X)	(X)
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Median earnings for workers (dollars)	32,140	+/-769	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	56,643	+/-1,642	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	42,376	+/-1,554	(X)	(X)
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE				
Civilian noninstitutionalized population	689,249	+/-1,872	689,249	(X)
With health insurance coverage	552,409	+/-7,293	80.1%	+/-1.1
With private health insurance	446,356	+/-9,511	64.8%	+/-1.4
With public coverage	162,955	+/-6,276	23.6%	+/-0.9
No health insurance coverage	136,840	+/-7,333	19.9%	+/-1.1
Other and affective that the state of the st	107.53	1,5	407.00:	
Civilian noninstitutionalized population under 18 years  No health insurance coverage	187,984 22,843	+/-558 +/-3,332	187,984 12.2%	(X) +/-1.8
110 Hould insulative coverage	22,043	T/-0,332	12.2/0	τ/-1.0
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 18 to 64 years	449,435	+/-2,182	449,435	(X)
In labor force:	353,720	+/-4,983	353,720	(X)

Subject	Alaska			
	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
Employed:	320,782	+/-5,226	320,782	(X
With health insurance coverage	249,779	+/-6,375	77.9%	+/-1.3
With private health insurance	237,104	+/-6,593	73.9%	+/-1.5
With public coverage	25,005	+/-2,414	7.8%	+/-0.7
No health insurance coverage	71,003	+/-4,226	22.1%	+/-1.3
Unemployed:	32,938	+/-2,423	32,938	(X
With health insurance coverage	16,345	+/-1.832	49.6%	+/-4.
With private health insurance	10,881	+/-1,528	33.0%	+/-4.
With public coverage	6,249	+/-1.154	19.0%	+/-3.
No health insurance coverage	16,593	+/-2.016	50.4%	+/-4.
Not in labor force:	95,715	+/-4,624	95,715	(X
With health insurance coverage	70,488	+/-4,439	73.6%	+/-2.
With private health insurance	50,518	+/-3,647	52.8%	+/-2.
With public coverage	24,402	+/-2,764	25.5%	+/-2.
No health insurance coverage	25,227	+/-2,532	26.4%	+/-2.
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL				
All families	(X)	(X)	7.2%	+/-0.
With related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	10.9%	+/-1.
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	19.2%	+/-4.
Married couple families	(X)	(X)	2.8%	+/-0.
With related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	4.0%	+/-1.
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	6.4%	+/-3.
Families with female householder, no husband present	(X)	(X)	24.3%	+/-3.
With related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	29.0%	+/-4.
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	60.6%	+/-10
All people	(X)	(X)	9.9%	+/-0.
Under 18 years	(X)	(X)	12.9%	+/-1.
Related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	12.5%	+/-1.
Related children under 5 years	(X)	(X)	18.8%	+/-2
Related children 5 to 17 years	(X)	(X)	9.9%	+/-1
18 years and over	(X)	(X)	8.9%	+/-0
18 to 64 years	(X)	(X)	9.2%	+/-0.
65 years and over	(X)	(X)	5.7%	+/-2
People in families	(X)	(X)	7.6%	+/-0
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	(X)	(X)	18.8%	+/-1.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 American Community Survey

## Explanation of Symbols:

An \*\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An \*\*\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An \*\*\*\*\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Selected earnings and income data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with group quarters data collection and imputation. See the ACS User Notes for details.

There were changes in the edit between 2009 and 2010 regarding Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Social Security. The changes in the edit loosened restrictions on disability requirements for receipt of SSI resulting in an increase in the total number of SSI recipients in the American Community Survey. The changes also loosened restrictions on possible reported monthly amounts in Social Security income resulting in higher Social Security aggregate amounts. These results more closely match administrative counts complied by the Social Security Administration.

Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.

The Census Bureau introduced an improved sequence of labor force questions in the 2008 ACS questionnaire. Accordingly, we recommend using caution when making labor force data comparisons from 2008 or later with data from prior years. For more information on these questions and their evaluation in the 2006 ACS Content Test, see the "Evaluation Report Covering Employment Status" at http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/methodology/content\_test/P6a\_Employment\_Status.pdf, and the "Evaluation Report Covering Weeks Worked" at http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/methodology/content\_test/P6b\_Weeks\_Worked\_Final\_Report.pdf. Additional information can also be found at http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/laborfor/laborforce.html.

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2007. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2010.

The health insurance coverage category names were modified in 2010. See ACS Health Insurance Definitions for a list of the insurance type definitions.

This table contains new estimates for health insurance coverage status by employment status in 2010.

While the 2010 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

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Source: U.S. Census Bureau | American FactFinder